## Racial Profiling Report | Full

Reporting Date: 02/24/2020

Agency Name: TRAVIS CO. SHERIFF'S OFFICE

TCOLE Agency Number: 453100

Chief Administrator: SALLY I. HERNANDEZ

Agency Contact Information: Phone: (512) 854-6923

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PO Box 1748 5555 Airport Boulevard ATTN: Tracy J Miller AUSTIN, TX 78767

This Agency filed a full report

TRAVIS CO. SHERIFF'S OFFICE has adopted a detailed written policy on racial profiling. Our policy:

- 1.) clearly defines acts constituting racial profiling;
- 2.) strictly prohibit peace officers employed by the <u>TRAVIS CO. SHERIFF'S OFFICE</u> from engaging in racial profiling;
- 3.) implements a process by which an individual may file a complaint with the <u>TRAVIS CO. SHERIFF'S OFFICE</u> if the individual believes that a peace officer employed by the <u>TRAVIS CO. SHERIFF'S OFFICE</u> has engaged in racial profiling with respect to the individual;
- 4.) provides public education relating to the agency's complaint process;
- 5.) requires appropriate corrective action to be taken against a peace officer employed by the <u>TRAVIS CO. SHERIFF'S OFFICE</u> who, after an investigation, is shown to have engaged in racial profiling in violation of the <u>TRAVIS CO. SHERIFF'S OFFICE</u> policy adopted under this article;
- 6.) require collection of information relating to motor vehicle stops in which a citation is issued and to arrests made as a result of those stops, including information relating to:
  - a.) the race or ethnicity of the individual detained;
  - b.) whether a search was conducted and, if so, whether the individual detained consented to the search; and
  - c.) whether the peace officer knew the race or ethnicity of the individual detained before detaining that individual; and
- 7.) require the chief administrator of the agency, regardless of whether the administrator is elected, employed, or appointed, to submit an annual report of the information collected under Subdivision(6) to:
  - a.) the Commission on Law Enforcement; and
  - b.) the governing body of each county or municipality served by the agency, if the agency is an agency of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state.

Executed by: TRACY J. MILLER, Senior Planner

Date: 02/24/2020

## Total stops: 39748

Gender	
Female	14438
Male	25310
Race / Ethnicity	
Black	4592
Asian / Pacific Islander	1694
Hispanic / Latino	10309
White	22879
Alaska Native / American	274
Was race or ethnicity known prior to	o stop?
Yes	845
No	38903
Reason for stop?	
Violation of law	1261
Preexisting knowledge	183
Moving traffic violation	27230
Vehicle traffic violation	11074
Street address or approximate loca	tion of the stop
City street	9763
US highway	4269
County road	20345
State highway	4996
Private property or other	375
Was a search conducted?	
Yes	916
No	38832
Reason for Search?	
consent	175
contraband	64

557

probable

i	inventory	29
1	ncident to arrest	91
Man C	Nametralian at diagrams dO	
	Contraband discovered?	105
	Yes	465
	No	39283
Descr	iption of contraband	
	Drugs	388
(	Currency	2
1	Weapons	5
	Alcohol	49
	Stolen property	1
(	Other	20
Resul	t of the stop	
	Verbal warning	0
	Written warning	28876
	Citation	10775
	Written warning and arrest	44
	Citation and arrest	53
	Arrest	0
Arrest	t based on	
,	Violation of Penal Code	57
,	Violation of Traffic Law	23
1	Violation of City Ordinance	2
(	Outstanding Warrant	44
Was n	ohysical force resulting in bodi	ily injury used during stop?
_	Yes	3

39745

No

### Submitted electronically to the



# The Texas Commission on Law Enforcement



## Travis County Sheriff's Office 2019 Annual Report on Racial Profiling

#### **BACKGROUND**

During the 77<sup>th</sup> Legislative Session the Texas Congress passed SB 1074 titled *PROHIBITION OF RACIAL PROFILING BY PEACE OFFICERS*. The Act amended the Code of Criminal Procedures to include the following articles:

- 2.132 Requiring law enforcement agencies to develop a detailed written policy on racial profiling.
- 2.133 Requiring law enforcement agencies to collect reports on traffic and pedestrian stops.
- 2.134 Requiring law enforcement agencies to analyze the data collected and report the data to their respective governing bodies (The Commissioners Court).

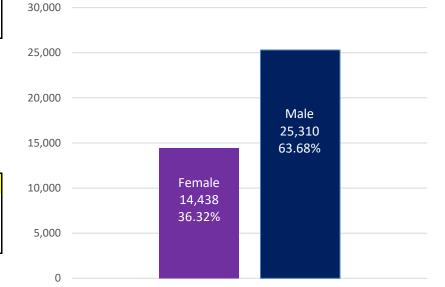
Per Senate Bill 1074 persons detained were classified as Black, Asian / Pacific Islander (Asian), White, Hispanic / Latino, or Alaskan Native / American Indian.

#### **DATA COLLECTION**

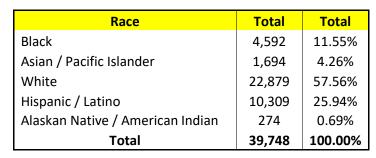
Between January 1, 2019 and December 31, 2019, Travis County Sheriff's Office deputies detained on traffic stops or had contact with 39,748 individuals.

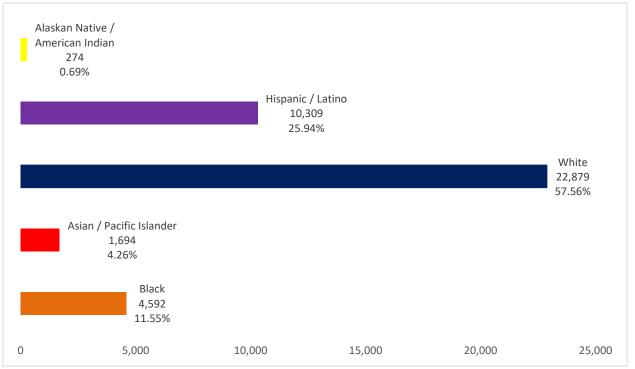
<sup>\*</sup> It should be noted that these figures do not correspond with other statistical data on the number of citations written as they reflect the one entry dealing with the person contacted during the stop. Thus, these numbers will be significantly lower than the number of actual traffic citations or warnings written in the course of a year.

Gender	Total	Total
Female	14,438	36.32%
Male	25,310	63.68%
Total	39,748	100.00%



Race Known	Total	Total	
Yes	845	2.13%	
No	38,903	97.87%	
Total	39,748	100.00%	





#### **COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS**

Comparative analysis of disposition was completed for searches. Four different scenarios were examined. The first involved contact where no search occurred. In fact, no search occurred in 38,832 of the 39,748 contacts. Searches were conducted in 916 cases. The first model examines the total number of search types for each race / ethnic group. The results are displayed in Table 1.

Table 1

REASON for Search	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian	Total
No Search	22,474	4,407	10,001	1,678	272	38,832
Searches Conducted	405	185	308	16	2	916
Total	22,879	4,592	10,309	1,694	274	39,748

The second search model examines the rate of incidence of each type of search for the race / ethnicity compared to the total number of contacts by the Travis County Sheriff's Office. The rate of incidence is calculated by taking the numbers for a given group and dividing by the total number of Travis County Sheriff's Office contacts (39,748). The results are displayed in Table 2.

Table 2 (race/total)

REASON for Search	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian	Total
No Search	56.54%	11.09%	25.16%	4.22%	0.68%	97.69%
Searches Conducted	1.02%	0.47%	0.77%	0.04%	0.01%	2.31%
Total	57.56%	11.56%	25.93%	4.26%	0.69%	100.00%

The third search model examines the rate of involvement for each group compared to the total number of each search type. Rate of incidence is calculated by taking the numbers for each group and dividing by the total number of each category. The results are displayed in Table 3.

**Table 3** (race/search total)

REASON for Search	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian	Total
No Search	57.88%	11.35%	25.75%	4.32%	0.70%	100.00%
Searches Conducted	44.21%	20.20%	33.62%	1.75%	0.22%	100.00%

The fourth search model compares the rate of incidence for each type of search compared to the number of contacts for each race / ethnicity group. Rate of incidence is calculated by taking the number for each group and dividing by the total number of contacts within group. The results are displayed in Table 4.

Table 4 (race reason/race total)

REASON for Search	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian
No Search	98.23%	95.97%	97.01%	99.06%	99.27%
Searches Conducted	1.77%	4.03%	2.99%	0.94%	0.73%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

#### **CONTACTS**

For 2019, of the 39,748contacts, the largest number was identified by race / ethnicity as White 22,879 (57.56%); 10,309 (25.94%) were identified as Hispanic; 4,592 (11.55%) as Black; 1,694 (4.26%) as Asian; and 274 (0.69%) as American Indian.

#### **SEARCHES**

Includes all searches conducted during a detention including frisks (Terry), consensual searches, searches based on probable cause, searches conducted under warrant, and searches incident to an arrest.

**Black:** 4,592 detentions. 4,407 (95.97%) were not searched and 185 (4.03%) were searched.

**Asian:** 1,694 detentions. 1,678 (99.06%) were not searched and 16 (0.94%) were searched.

White: 22,879 detentions. 22,474 (98.23%) were not searched and 405 (1.77%) were searched.

Hispanic: 10,309 detentions. 10,001 (97.01%) were not searched and 308 (2.99%) were searched.

American Indian: 274 detentions. 272 (99.27%) were not searched and two (0.73%) were searched.

#### **SEARCH ANALYSIS**

Of the 39,748 detentions, 916 (2.30%) resulted in a search being conducted. Of those searched 405 (44.21%) were White; 308 (33.62%) were Hispanic; 185 (20.20%) were Black; 16 (1.753%) were Asian; and two were American Indian (0.22%). Of the 39,748 detentions, the search authority listed is reflected in Tables 5 and 6.

Table 5 Table 6

REASON for Search	Total
No Search	38,832
Consent	175
Plain View	64
PC or Reasonable Stop	557
Impound	29
Incident to On-Site Arrest / Warrant	91
Total	39,748

REASON for Search	Total
No Search	97.70%
Consent	0.44%
Plain View	0.16%
PC or Reasonable Stop	1.40%
Impound	0.07%
Incident to On-Site Arrest / Warrant	0.23%
Total	100.00%

When searches are examined by race, the following is noted in Table 7 and 8.

Table 7

					American	
REASON for Search	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Indian	Total
No Search	22,474	4,407	10,001	1,678	272	38,832
Consent	99	17	56	3		175
Plain View	35	4	23	2		64
PC or reasonable stop	218	143	188	7	1	557
Impound	15	1	11	2		29
Incident to On-Site Arrest / Warrant	38	20	30	2	1	91
Total	22,879	4,592	10,309	1,694	274	39,748

Table 8

REASON for Search	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian
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No Search	98.23%	95.97%	97.01%	99.06%	99.28%
Consent	0.43%	0.37%	0.54%	0.18%	0.00%
Plain View	0.15%	0.09%	0.22%	0.12%	0.00%
PC or reasonable stop	0.95%	3.11%	1.82%	0.41%	0.36%
Impound	0.07%	0.02%	0.11%	0.12%	0.00%
Incident to On-Site Arrest / Warrant	0.17%	0.44%	0.29%	0.12%	0.36%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	99.99%	100.01%	100.00%

#### **COMPARATIVE DATA**

Using the **2016 Census population totals** and the **2011 Texas Fair Roads Standards** the following is noted.

Race	Travis County <sup>1</sup>	SMSA <sup>2</sup>	Texas Fair Road <sup>3</sup>	TCSO Contacts
White	49.40%	51.88%	40.00%	57.56%
Black	8.90%	6.88%	19.00%	11.55%
Hispanic / Latino	33.80%	36.74%	41.00%	25.94%
Asian	6.80%	3.42%	0.00%	4.26%
American Indian	1.30%	1.38%	0.00%	0.69%
Other	2.60%	2.56%	0.00%	0.00%

#### **ANALYSIS**

In conducting an analysis of the collected data the Travis County Sheriff's Office has chosen three benchmarks with which to compare the data. The first is the 2016 census data for Travis County. The second is the 2011 Texas Fair Roads Standards. The Texas Fair Roads Standards reflects the percentage of a given demographic that is self-reported as having access to a vehicle. The third benchmark chosen is a comparison between those persons classified as White to those persons classified in the other racial / ethnic groups. This benchmark was chosen because the Travis County Sheriff's Office believes that the intent of SB 1074 is to provide a tool for the law enforcement community to identify trends or patterns that may suggest significant disparate treatment of the minority community when compared to the White majority.

The Travis County Sheriff's Office has chosen a deviation from the benchmark of more than 5%, plus or minus, to be "statistically significant".

#### RACIAL PROFILING COMPLAINTS

During 2019 the Travis County Sheriff's Office Internal Affairs section investigated, and unfounded, one complaint for racial profiling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 2016 Census - Travis County ONLY

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  2016 Census – the average for Bastrop, Caldwell, Hays, Williamson and Travis Counties combined

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Sul Ross State University DPS – Traffic Contacts and Fair Roads Standard Comparison

#### **EXCLUDED DATA**

A total of 577 records (detailed below) were excluded because the State Report template does not accept the information as provided:

- so they do not have citation numbers; we believe these are test or training records and cannot be verified
- they are unattended vehicles and are automatically excluded from the report

#### **OBSERVATIONS AND COMMENTS**

This is the 17<sup>th</sup> biased-based profiling report issued by the Travis County Sheriff's Office since the inception of HB 1074. During the past 18 years, the Travis County Sheriff's Office has collected and analyzed Tier 2 data on well over one million detentions. As each year passes, it becomes more difficult to conduct accurate comparative analysis concerning rates of incidence because the benchmark data becomes out-of-date.

#### **CONCLUSION**

The data does not support a conclusion that the Travis County Sheriff's Office racially profiles traffic offenders / pedestrians when initiating a detention or search. Similarly, data collected from the previous years supports the conclusion.

Gender	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Female	15,770	16,043	11,325	14,967	12,218	14,438
Male	26,732	26,001	19,736	24,762	22,319	25,310
Total	42,502	42,044	31,061	39,729	34,537	39,748

Race	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Black	5,053	4,878	3,198	4,402	4,128	4,592
Asian / Pacific Islander	1,267	1,379	935	1,258	1,376	1,694
White	23,302	22,573	17,207	22,364	19,253	22,879
Hispanic / Latino	12,281	12,572	9,276	11,304	9,747	10,309
Middle Eastern	538	583	353	376	NA*	NA*
Alaskan Native / American Indian	61	19	92	25	33	274
Total	42,502	42,044	31,061	39,729	34,537	39,748

<sup>\*</sup>NA – no longer separated in the report